

Cross sections of the $^{144}\text{Sm}(n, \alpha)^{141}\text{Nd}$ reaction at 5.5 and 6.5 MeV

Yu. M. Gledenov, M. V. Sedysheva

Frank Laboratory of Neutron Physics, Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, Dubna 141980, Russia

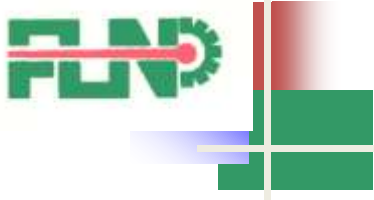
G. Khuukhenkhuu

Nuclear Research Centre, National University of Mongolia, Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia

Haoyu Jiang, Huaiyong Bai, Zengqi Cui, Jinxiang Chen, Guohui Zhang

State Key Laboratory of Nuclear Physics and Technology, Institute of Heavy Ion Physics, Peking University, Beijing 100871, China

28.05-01.06.2018, ISINN-26, Xi'an,
China



(n, α) reaction investigations

Motivation:

basic physics

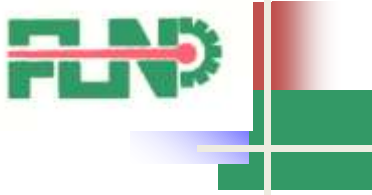
- *nuclear structure*
- *nuclear reaction mechanism*

nuclear astrophysics

- *test nuclear statistical models*
- *α + nucleus potential,*
- *p-nuclei*

nuclear engineering

- *nuclear heating*
- *radiation damage*



$^{144}\text{Sm}(n, \alpha)^{141}\text{Nd}$

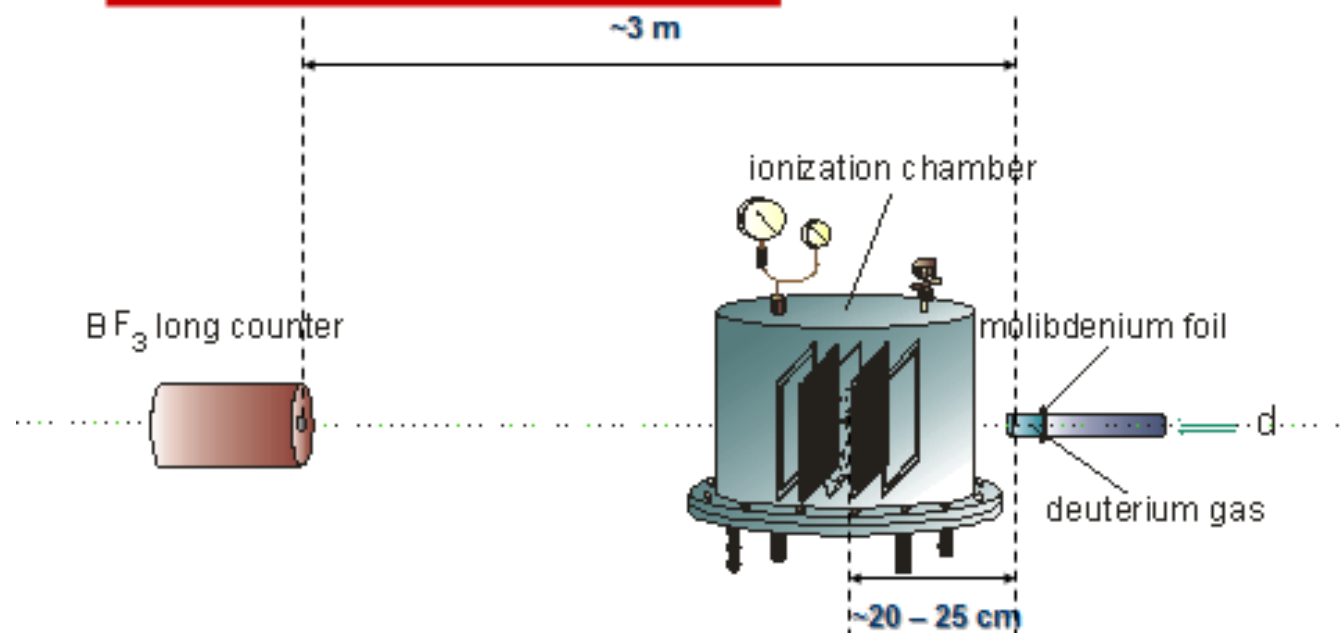
- For $E_n=3-7$ MeV no data except ours
- Around 14 MeV 3-times differences
- More than ten times discrepancies among evaluated nuclear data libraries
- Need more isotopes for analyses

Q value = 7.874 MeV

^{144}Sm	^{147}Sm	^{148}Sm	^{149}Sm	^{150}Sm	^{152}Sm	^{154}Sm
3.07%	14.99%	11.24%	13.82%	7.38%	26.75%	22.75%



Setup of experiment



3 parts: ③

flux measurement

BF₃ + ²³⁸U(n,f)

②

particle detector

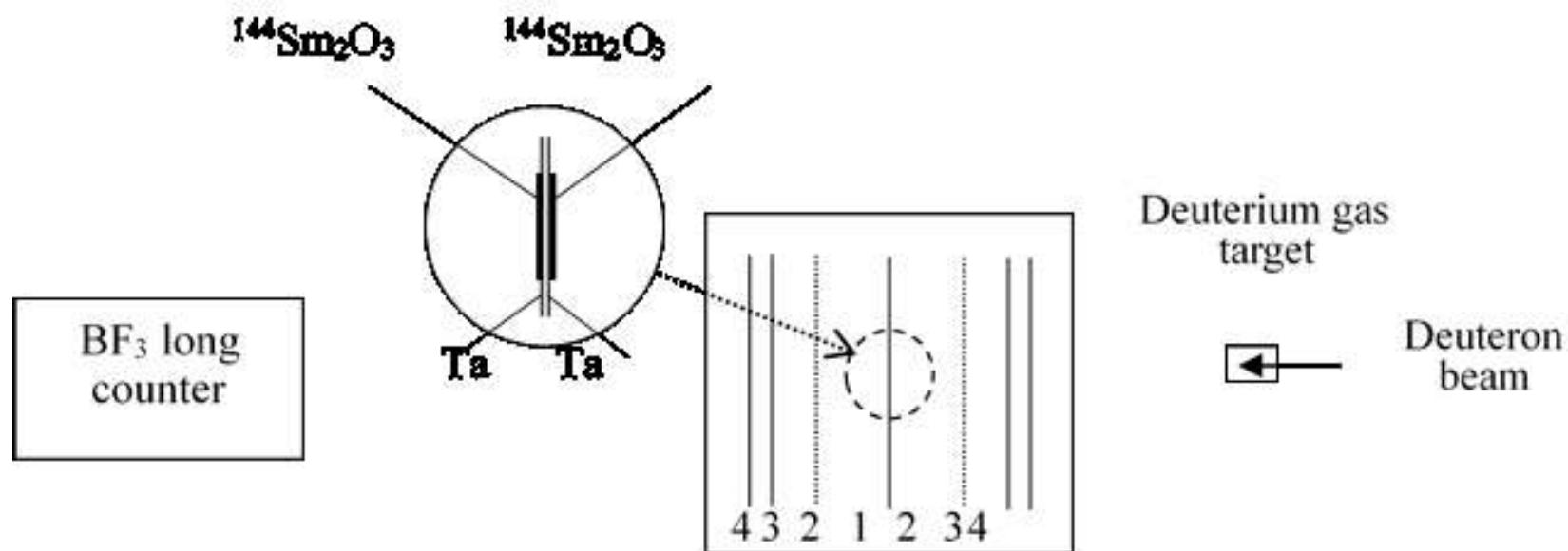
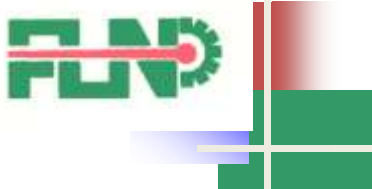
GIC

①

neutron source

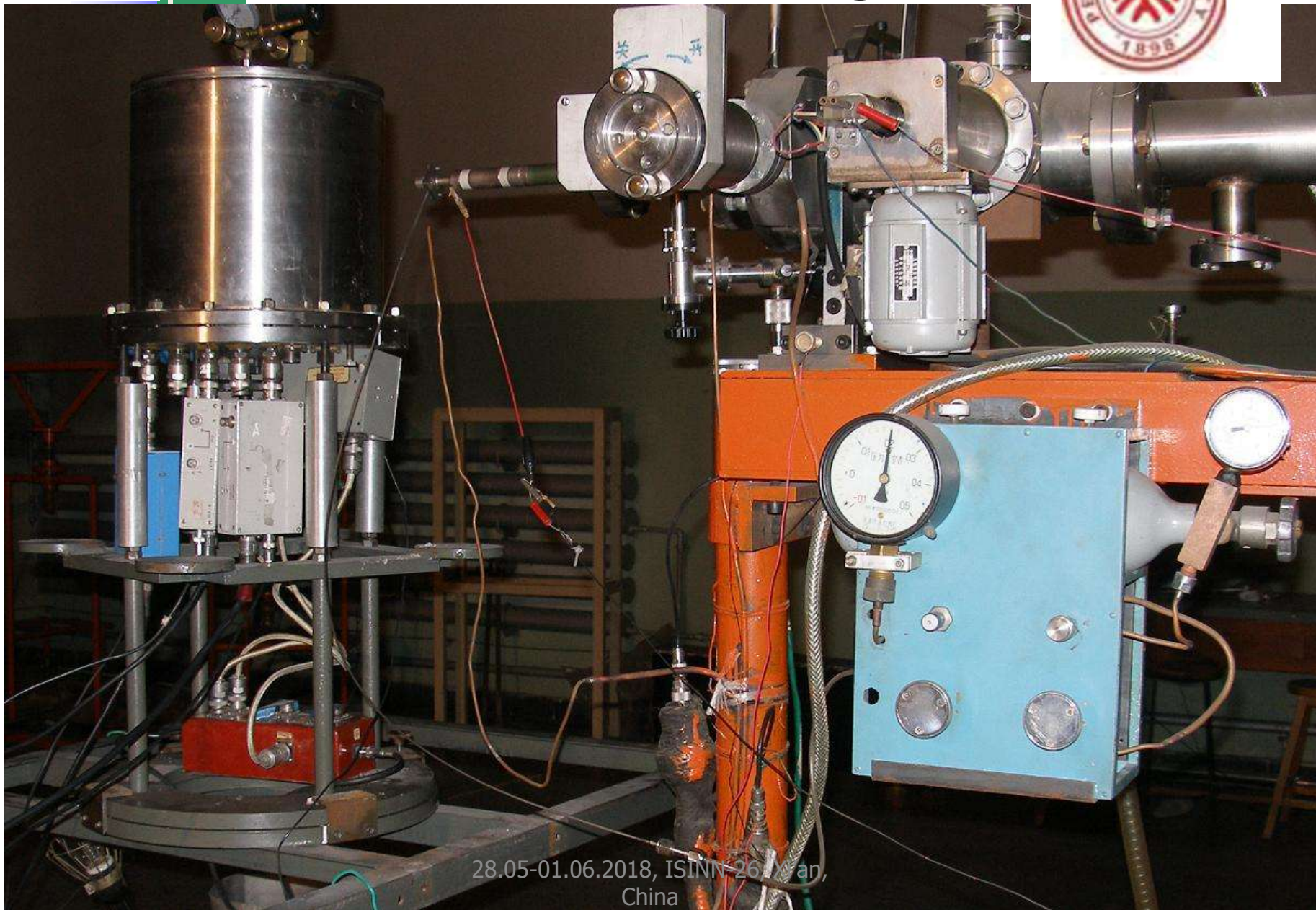
d-d

9

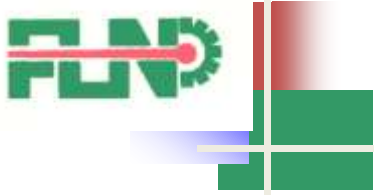


Experimental setup

Gas target



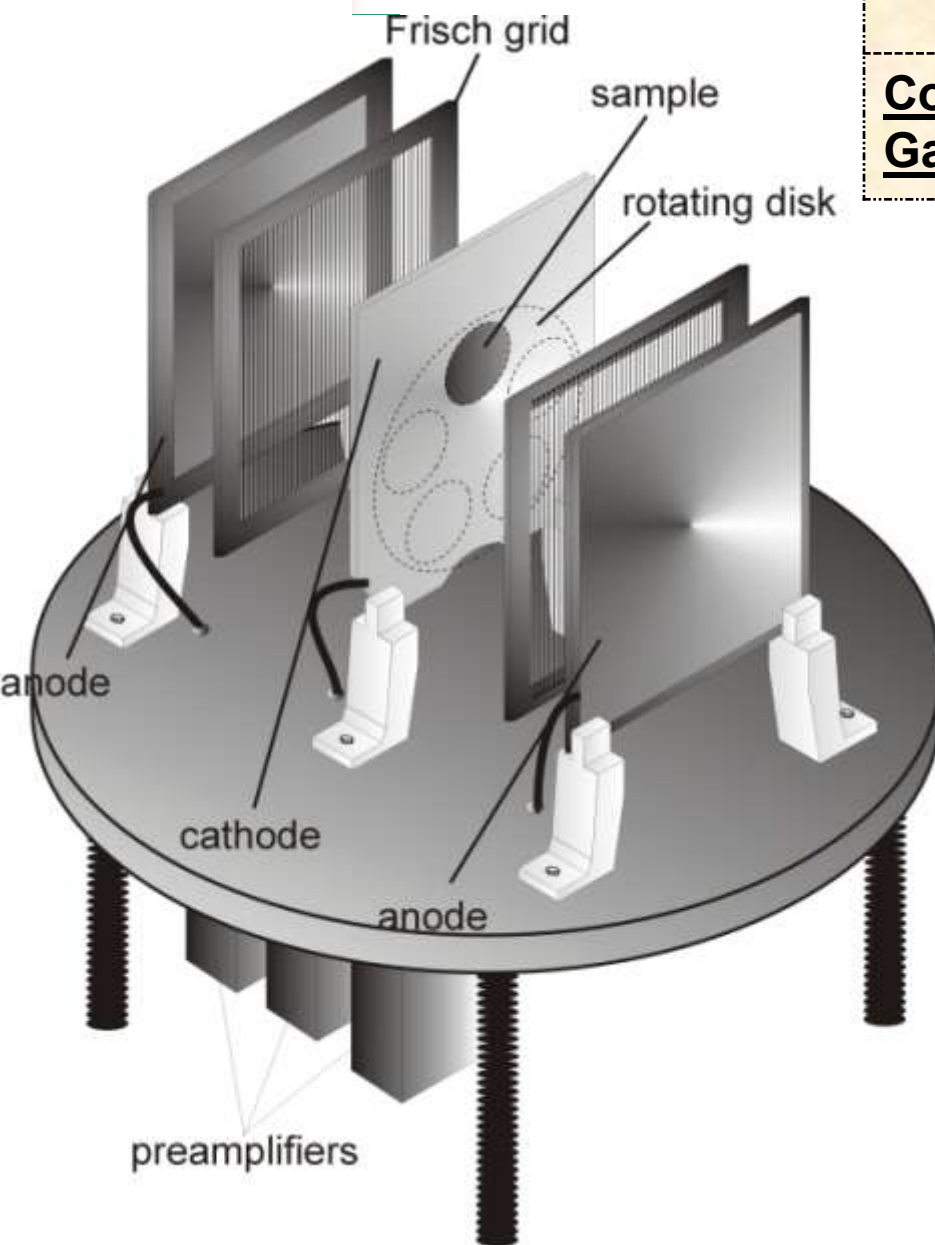
28.05-01.06.2018, ISINN-26, Nan,
China



Van de Graaff accelerator EG-4.5 in IHIP PU, Beijing, China;

$D(d,n)^3\text{He}$ $I_d \sim 2-3 \mu\text{A}$

- gas D_2 – target, $L=20 \text{ mm}$;
- Mo foil, $d=6 \mu\text{m}$;
- $E_n=3-7 \text{ MeV}$;



Distances

cathode to grid - 6.1 cm

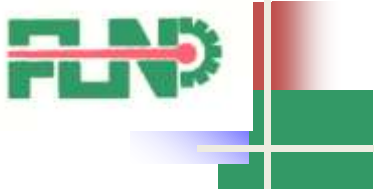
grid to anode - 1.5 cm

Counting Gas

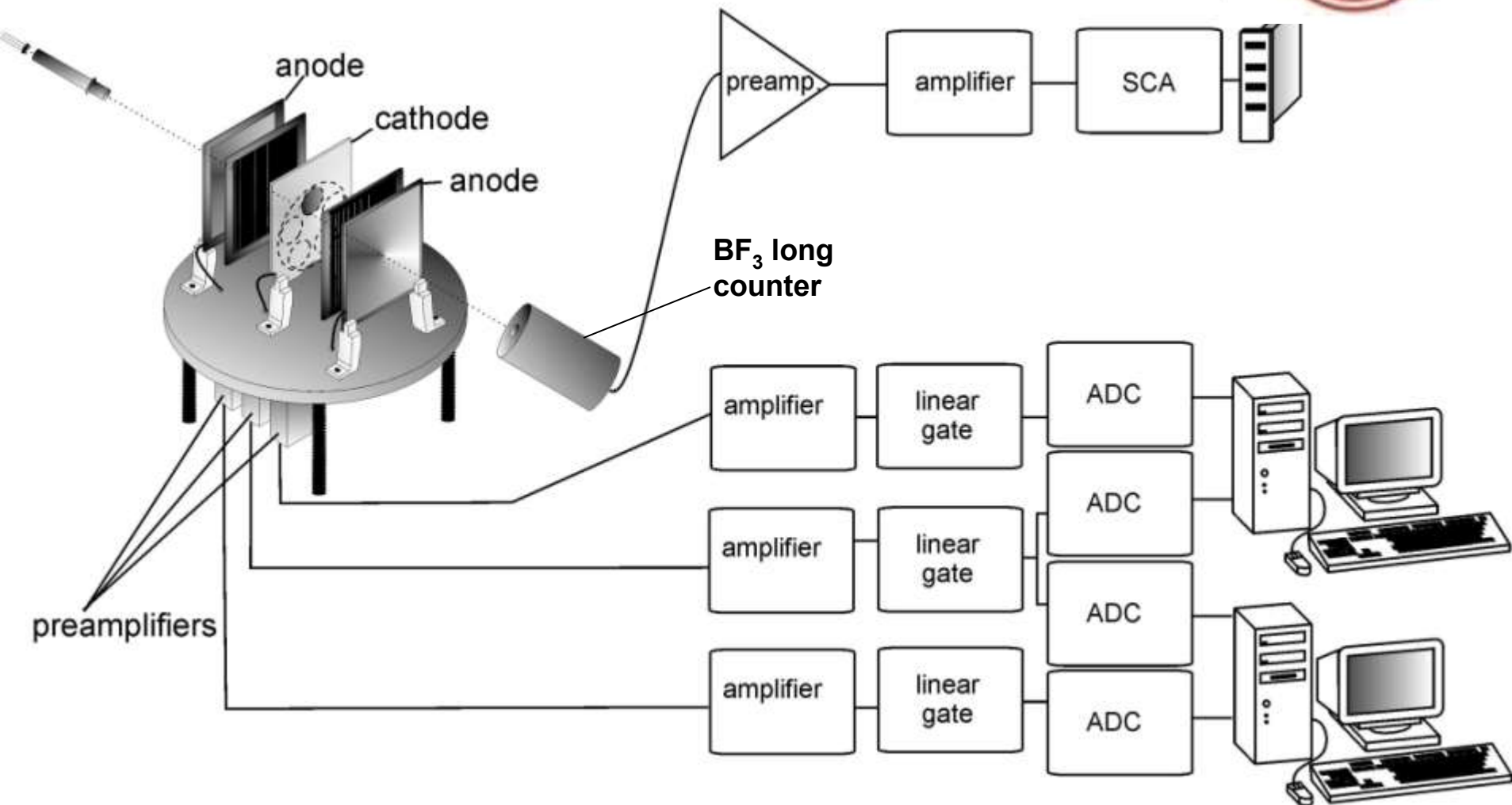
Kr + 2.83%CO₂

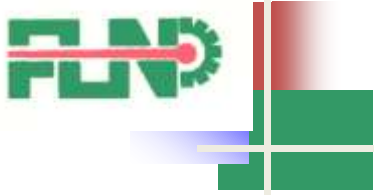
Gas Pressure 2.02 atm





Block scheme

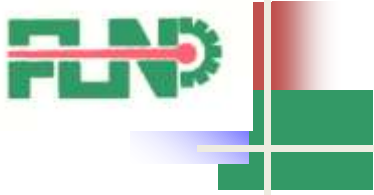




Description of the samples

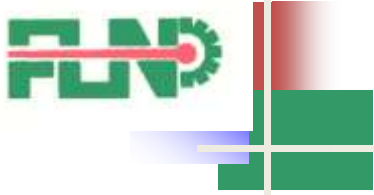
Samples	Material	Isotopic abundance (%)	Thickness ($\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$)	Diameter (mm)
^{144}Sm	$^{144}\text{Sm}_2\text{O}_3$	95.0	4240 ^a and 2830 ^b	44.0 ^{a,b}
^{238}U	$^{238}\text{U}_3\text{O}_8$	99.999	493.6(^{238}U only)	45.0

^aForward sample. ^b Backward sample.

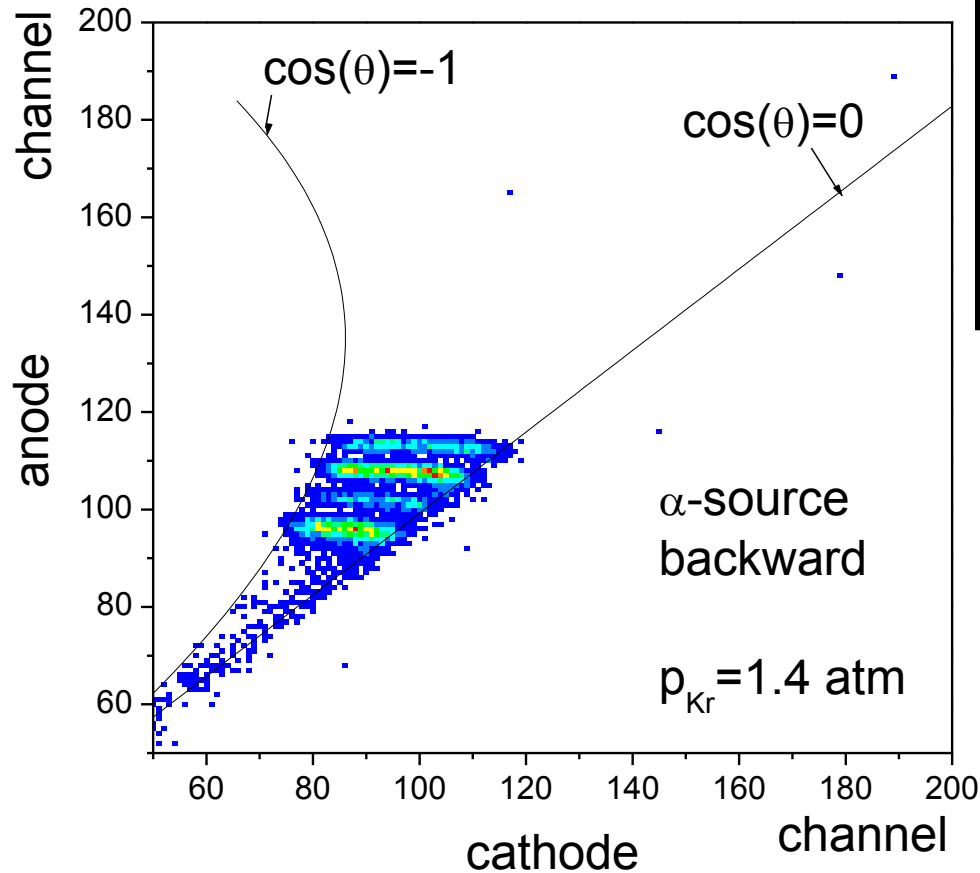


Measurements

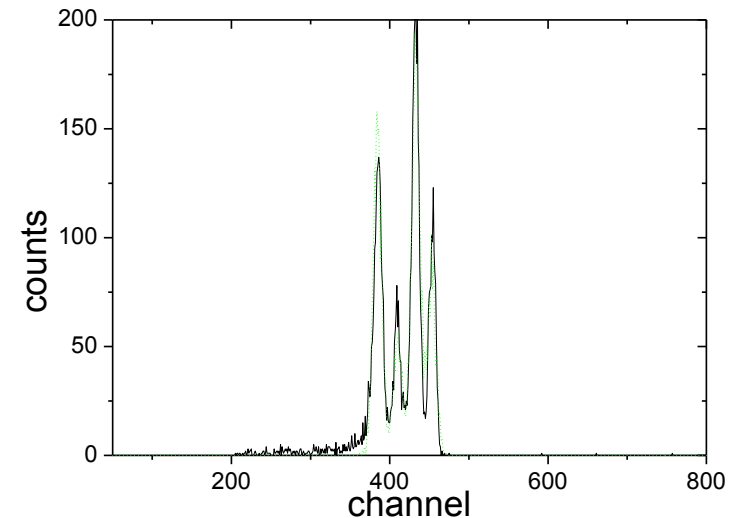
- 1) compound α source for energy calibration;
- 2) foreground for α events of the $^{144}\text{Sm}(n, \alpha)^{141}\text{Nd}$ reaction;
- 3) background with tantalum foils;
- 4) ^{238}U fission events for absolute neutron flux calibration;
- 5) α source for energy calibration again

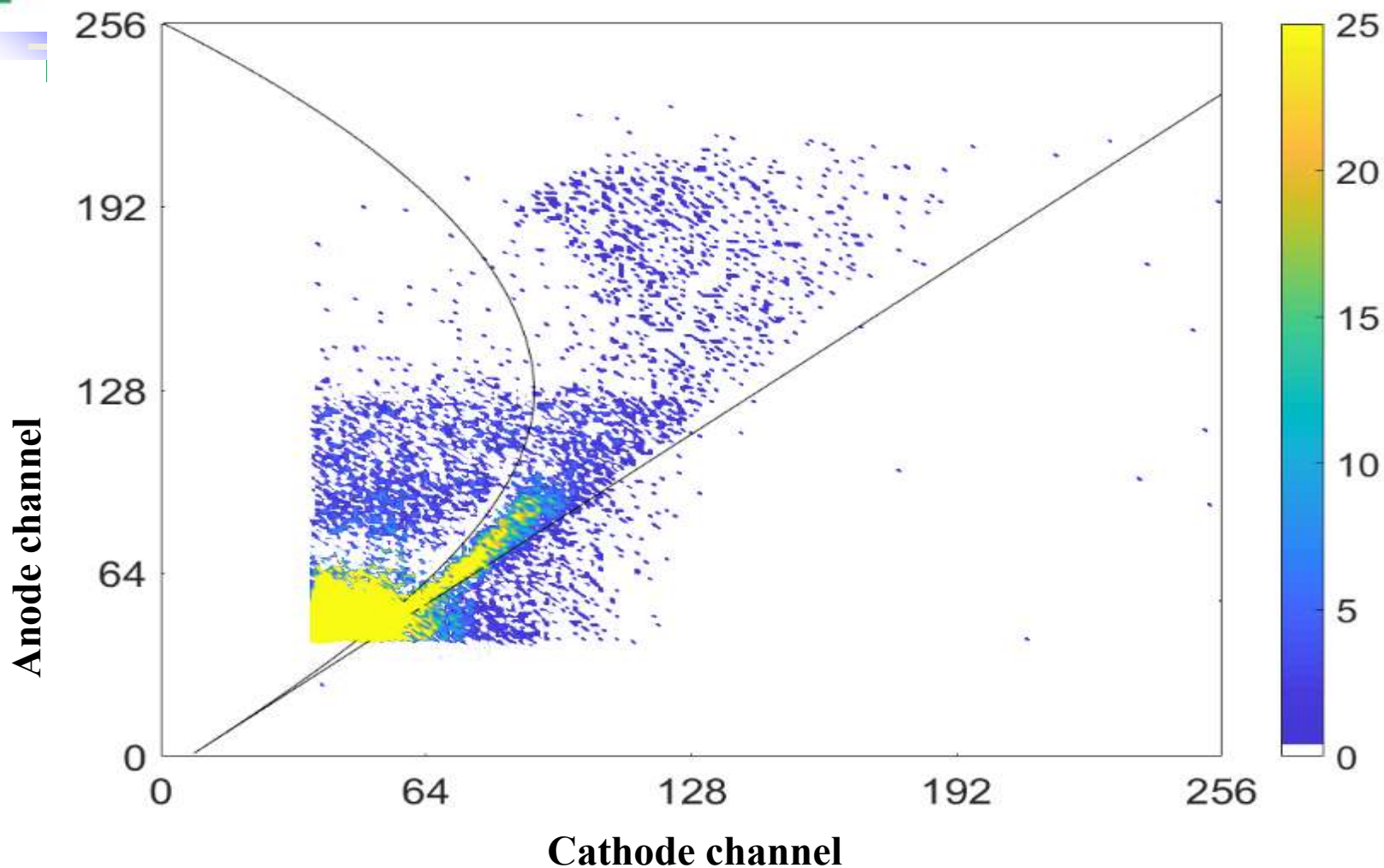


Calibration α -source

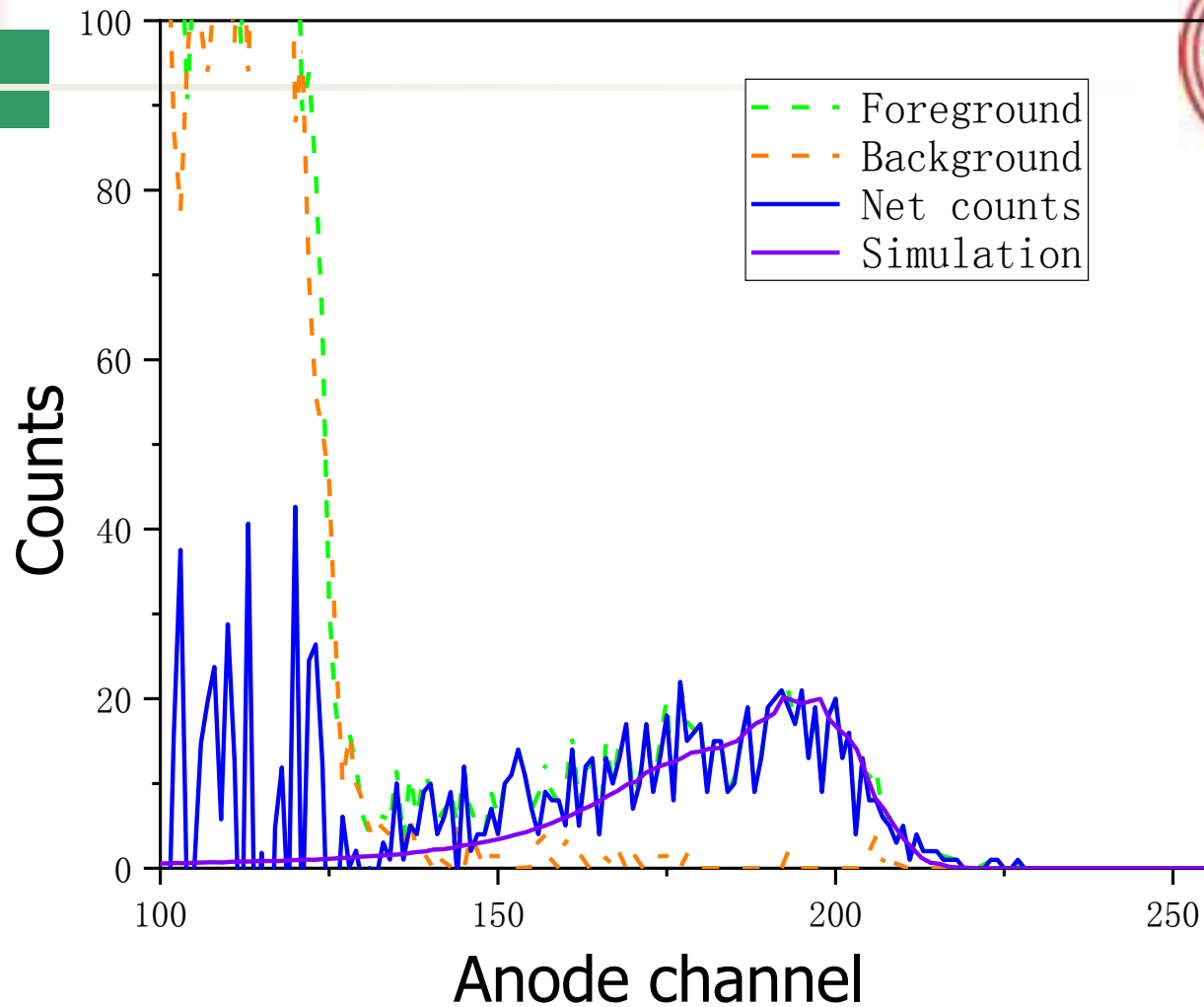
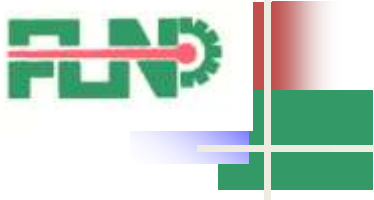


^{234}U	^{238}Pu	^{239}Pu	^{244}Cm
Energies for calibration (MeV)			
α_1	α_2	α_3	α_4
4.775	5.155	5.499	5.805

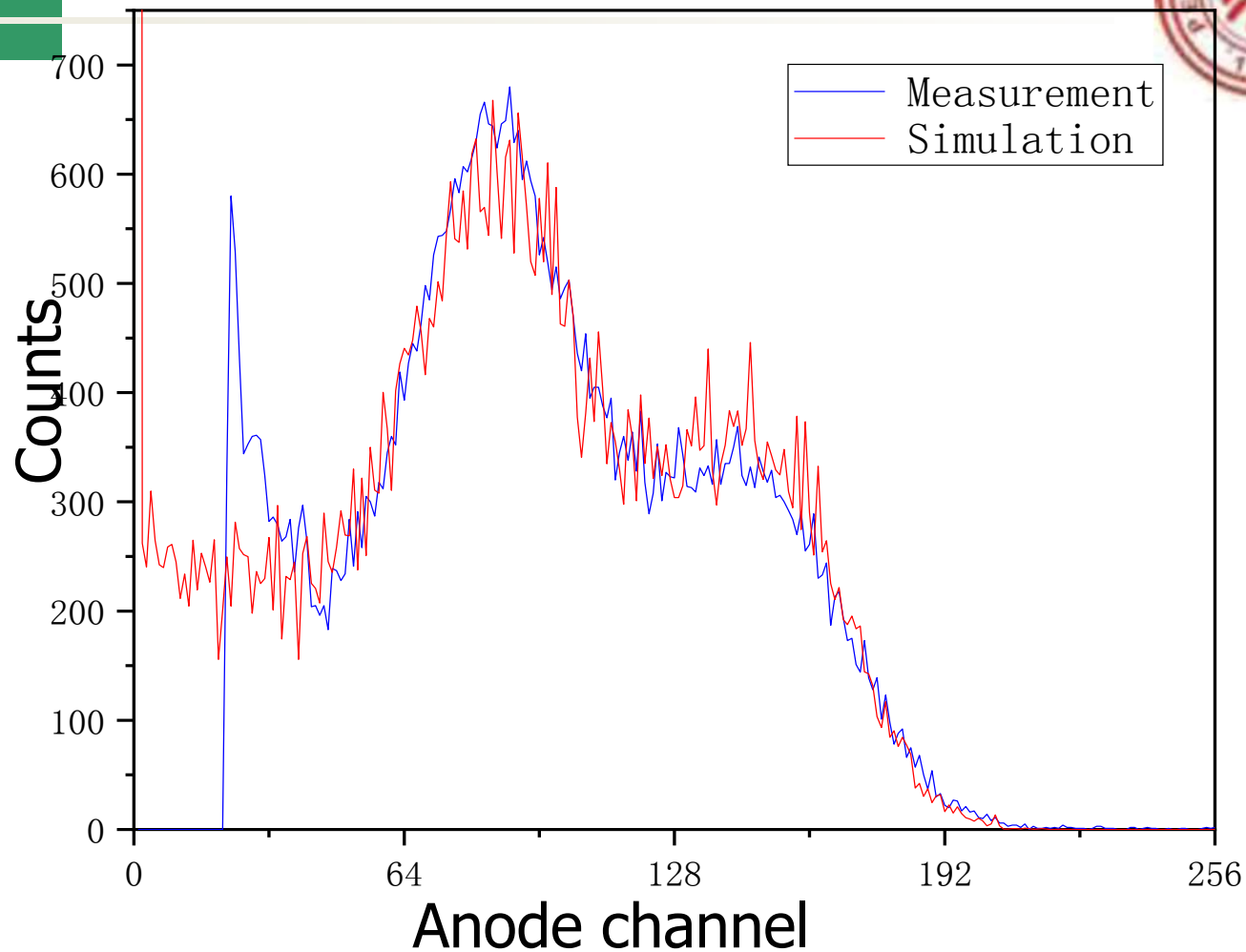
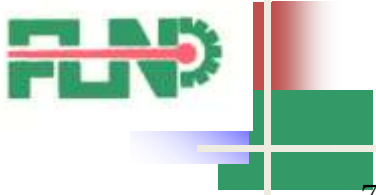




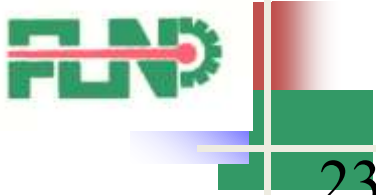
Two-dimensional spectrum of the $^{144}\text{Sm}(n, \alpha)^{141}\text{Nd}$ reaction at $E_n = 5.5$ MeV in the forward direction



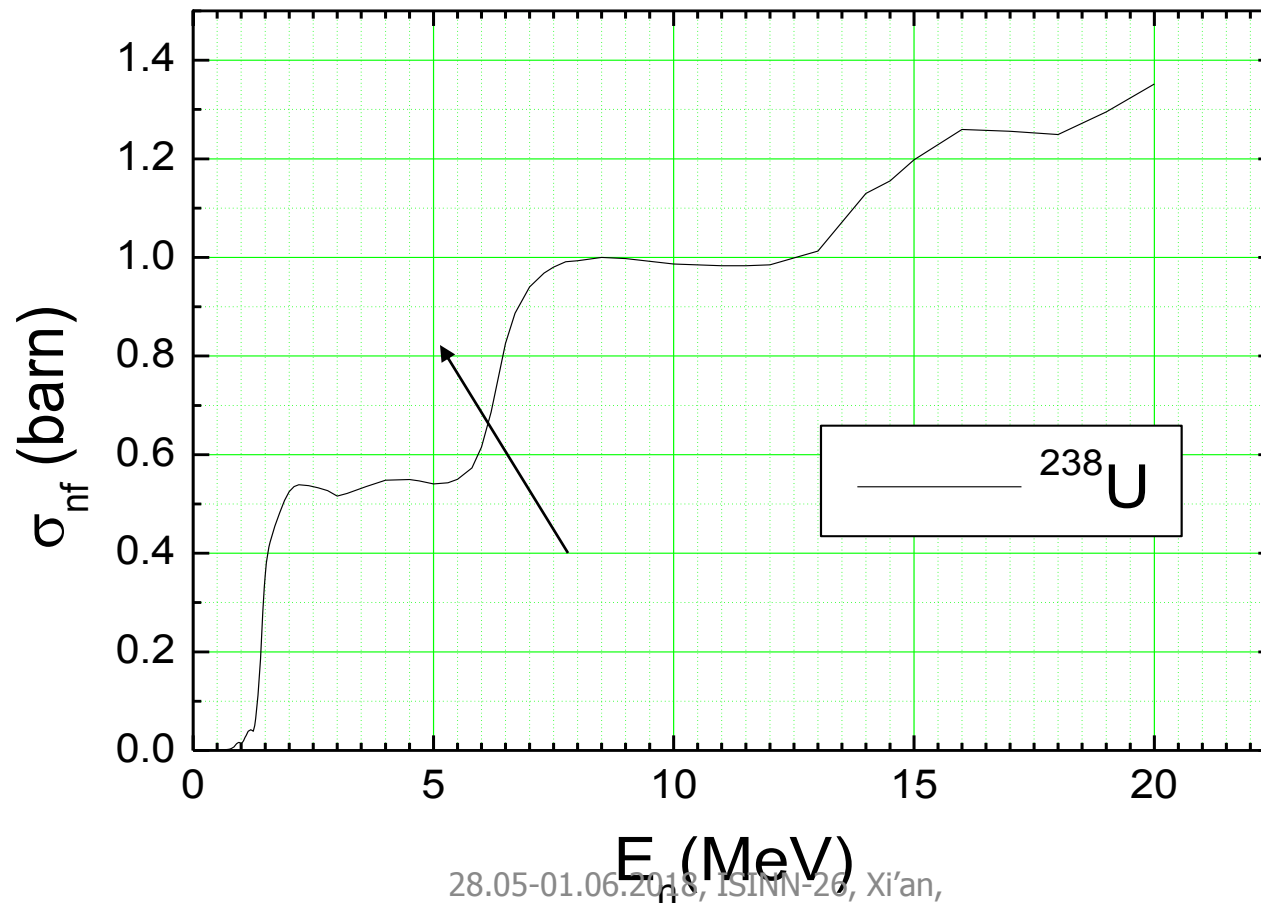
Anode spectrum of the $^{144}\text{Sm}(n, \alpha)^{141}\text{Nd}$ reaction
at $E_n = 5.5$ MeV for the forward direction



Anode spectrum of the ^{238}U fission fragments at $E_n = 5.5$ MeV



^{238}U fission cross section ENDF library



The cross section σ can be calculated by the following equation:

$$\sigma = \frac{k \cdot N_{\alpha}}{D}$$

N_{α} - the detected count of the alpha events,

D - the correction factor,

K - count-to-cross section factor

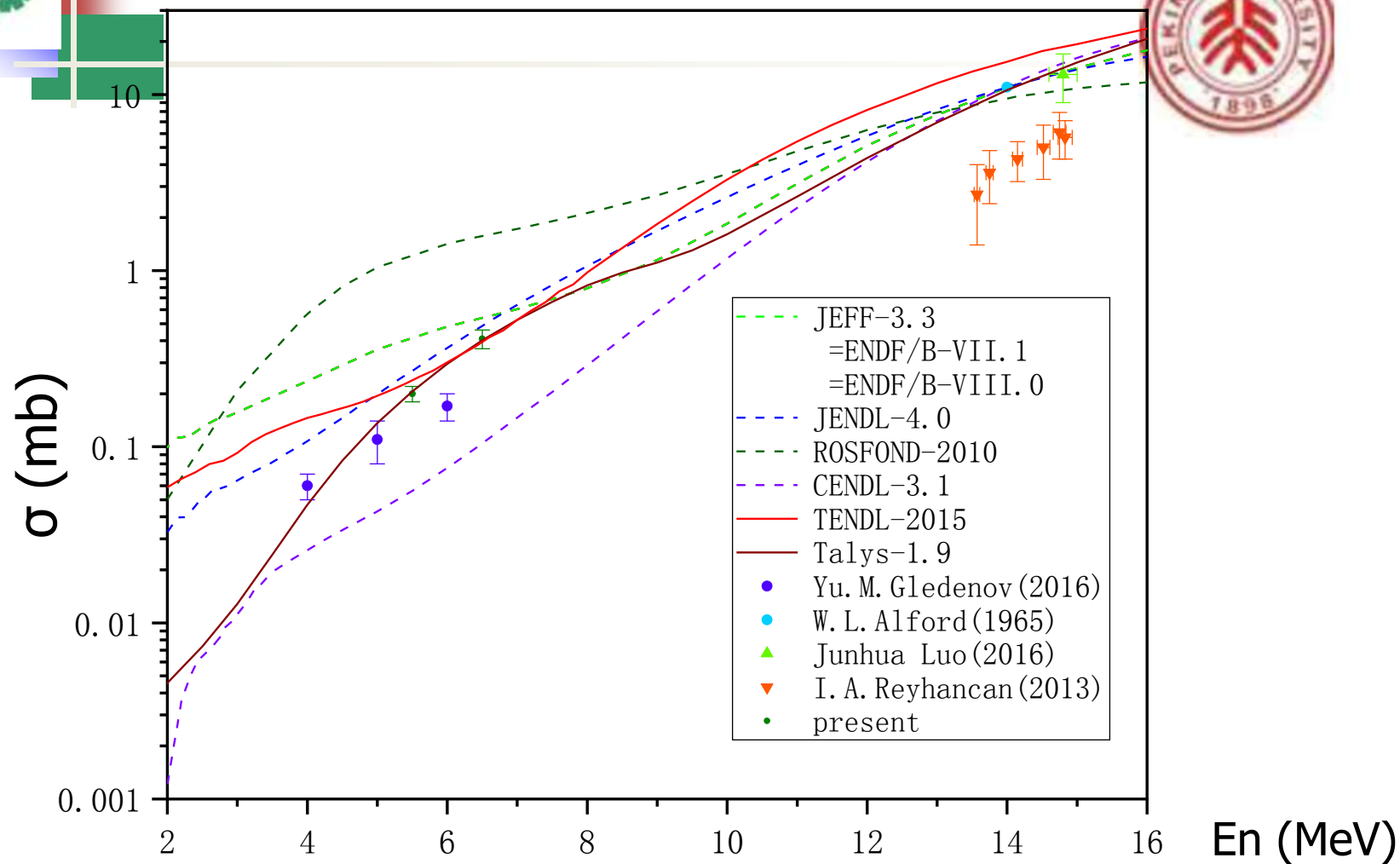
$$k = \frac{\sigma_f N_{^{238}\text{U}} N_{\text{BF}_3-f}}{N_f N_{\text{samp}} N_{\text{BF}_3-\alpha}}$$

σ_f - the standard $^{238}\text{U}(n,f)$ cross sections,

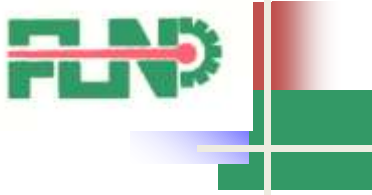
N_f - the number of fission events from the $^{238}\text{U}(n,f)$ reaction,

$N_{^{238}\text{U}}$ and N_{samp} - the numbers of ^{238}U and ^{144}Sm atoms in the samples,

N_{BF_3-f} and $N_{\text{BF}_3-\alpha}$ - counts of neutron flux monitor of BF_3 counter for (n, α) events
 ^{238}U fission measurement

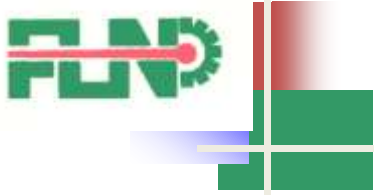


Present cross sections of the $^{144}\text{Sm}(n, \alpha)^{141}\text{Nd}$ reaction compared with existing measurements, evaluations and Talys-1.9 calculations



Measured $^{144}\text{Sm}(n, \alpha)^{141}\text{Nd}$ cross sections

$E_n(\text{MeV})$	$\sigma_{(n, \alpha)} (\text{mb})$	
	Measurement	Calculation
5.5	0.20 ± 0.02	0.21
6.5	0.41 ± 0.05	0.40

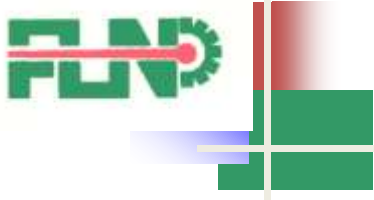


Forward/Backward Ratio



Isotope	E_n (MeV)	F/B Ratio, _{exp}	F/B Ratio, _{theor}
^{144}Sm	5.5	2.04 ± 0.35	1.02
	6.5	2.70 ± 0.62	1.02
^{147}Sm	5.0	1.65 ± 0.23	1.46
	6.0	2.49 ± 0.32	1.68
^{149}Sm	4.5	1.4 ± 0.35	1.39
	5.0	1.6 ± 0.4	1.51
	5.5	1.9 ± 0.5	1.62
	6.0	2.2 ± 0.6	1.72
	6.5	2.7 ± 0.7	1.81

- Cross sections of the $^{144}\text{Sm}(n, \alpha)^{141}\text{Nd}$ reaction were measured at 5.5 and 6.5 MeV
- There are very large differences between different evaluations
- Our results are closer to the data of TENDL-2015 library
- Theoretical analyses using Talys-1.9 code was performed, and agreement was achieved between present measurements and calculations
- Experimental Forward/backward ratios disagree with Talys-1.9 and agree with Talys-1.1 code calculation
- Further measurements are needed



THANK YOU FOR ATTENTION

Pulse-height spectrum from the $^{147}\text{Sm}(n,\alpha)$ measurement obtained for the neutron energy $E_n \sim 184$ eV.

